TOWN OF ELTON WATER SYSTEM Public Water Supply ID: LA1053001

Consumer Confidence Report

2022 CCR

Additional Information and Electronic Copies can be found at www.ldh.la.gov/ccr

What you need to do:

Review base report (numbered pages) for errors. If you are a surface water system, you must insert the turbidity data.

Distribute completed report to your customers as outlined on the CCR Certification of Distribution Form no later than June 30, 2023.

A completed CCR Certification of Distribution Form including a copy of the final CCR report shall be submitted to the State at the address provided on the form no later than September 30, 2023.

If submitting CCR Electronically by posting on a website, be aware of LAC 51:XII.403.C – Community water systems shall include their final letter grade and score in their annual Consumer Confidence Report (a.k.a. Annual Water Quality Report) <a href="mailto:theta:

Our water system grade is a "fill in grade here". Our water system report card can be found at "insert water system website link".

Notes:

This page is not part of your CCR; it is only the instruction page. The pages that are numbered in the upper right hand corner are the report pages.

The Water We Drink

TOWN OF ELTON WATER SYSTEM

Public Water Supply ID: LA1053001

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Water Quality Report for the year 2022. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of your water and services we deliver to you every day (Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien). Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Our water system purchases water as listed below:

Buyer Name	Seller Name •
TOWN OF ELTON WATER SYSTEM	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

<u>Microbial Contaminants</u> - such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

<u>Inorganic Contaminants</u> - such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and Herbicides - which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture; urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.

<u>Organic Chemical Contaminants</u> – including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive Contaminants – which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you have any questions about this report, want to attend any scheduled meetings, or simply want to learn more about your drinking water, please contact KESIA LEMOINE at 337-584-2312.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. TOWN OF ELTON WATER SYSTEM is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested.

Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

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The Louisiana Department of Health routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The tables that follow show the results of our monitoring during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk.

In the tables below, you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with.

To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) — one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10.000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) — one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10.000.000.

<u>Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)</u> – picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) – nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Treatment Technique (TT) — an enforceable procedure or level of technological performance which public water systems must follow to ensure control of a contaminant (Section 1998) and the control of the contaminant (Section 1998) and the control of the control of the contaminant (Section 1998) and the control of the cont

Action level (AL) — the concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum contaminant level (MCL)—the "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) – the "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum residual disinfectant level (MRDL)</u> – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

<u>Maximum residual disinfectant level goal (MRDLG)</u> – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

<u>Level 1 assessment</u>—A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

<u>Level 2 Assessment</u> — A very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

During the period covered by this report we had below noted violations of drinking water regulations.

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	Compliance Period	Analyte *	the second	. 100	Туре	g at the second	Y	
Ī	No Violations Occurred in the Calend	V F 2022	100	test to the second	Carlotte Arteria			

Our water system tested a minimum of 2 samples per month in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule for microbiological contaminants. With the microbiological samples collected, the water system collects disinfectant residuals to ensure control of microbial growth.

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Disinfectant	Date -	'HighestRAA'	, ,	MRDL MRDLG	*Typical Source 18 A
CHLORINE	2022	10.5	ppm 0.03 - 0.95	4 4	Water additive used to control microbes.
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In the tables below, we have shown the regulated contaminants that were detected. Chemical Sampling of our drinking water may not be required on an annual basis; therefore, information provided in this table refers back to the latest year of chemical sampling results.

Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Water System	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
ARSENIC	5/24/202 2	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS	32	4.9 - 32	ppb	10	0.	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
FLUORIDE	5/10/202 1	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS:	0.7	0.7	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
HEXACHLOROCYC LOPENTADIENE	5/10/202 1	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS	0.048	0 - 2 ¹⁷ (17) 0.048	ppb	50	50	Discharge from chemical factories

Lead and Copper	Date [.]	90 TH Percentile	Range	Unit	AL	Sites Over AL	Typical Source		
No Detected Results were Found in the Calendar Year of 2022									

Disinfection Byproducts	Sample Point	·Period:	Highest LRAA	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)	1003 YOAKUM	2022	36	30.3 - 34.9	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)	307 2ND STREET	2022	35	29.5 - 47.6	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)	501 JAMES ST EXT	2022 (49 ~	48.7 - 48.7	ppb.	60:	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM	1003 YOAKUM	2022	62	45.7 - 88.2	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination
ттнм	307 2ND STREET	2022	68	53.1 - 90.6	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM	501 JAMES ST EXT	2022	64	63.6 - 63.6	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Secondary Contaminants	Collection Date	Water System	Highest Value	Range	Unit	SMCL
CHLORIDE	5/10/2021	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS	14	0 - 14	MG /L	250
IRON	11/4/2021	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS	0.06	0.05 - 0.06	MG /L	0.3
PH	5/10/2021	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS	7.99	7.62 - 7.99	PH	8.5
SULFATE	5/10/2021	EAST ALLEN PARISH WATER WORKS	2 ,	0-2	MG /L	250

risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800–426–4791).

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.

There are no additional required health effects violation notices.

Thank you for allowing us to continue providing your family with clean, quality water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers.

We at the TOWN OF ELTON WATER SYSTEM work around the clock to provide top quality drinking water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect and conserve our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future. Additional information on the water system can be found at www.ldh.la.gov/watergrade. Please call our office if you have questions.

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Population

PWS ID: LA1053001 NAME: TOWN OF ELTON WATER SYSTEM

The Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) must be delivered to your consumers by 06/30/2023 and certification must be submitted to the State no later than 09/30/2023, and the state of t

The CCR must be distributed with a "good-faith effort" based on the population served by the Community Water

System (CWS) as shown: A control of the control of

Delivery Method

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Electronic copies of the reports can be found in the Consumer Confidence Reports section at http://ldh.la.gov/ccr.

were made, must be attached to the returned certification form. Copies of the report must be kept for three years and made available to the public or the State upon request. Any questions or requests can be addressed to Spencer Hillyard

(spencer.hillyard@la.gov/225-342-0272) or Sean Nolan (sean.nolan@la.gov/225-342-7495).

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Mail signed and completed form and final copy of report to:

Attn: Spencer Hillyard, CCR Compliance LDH/OPH Engineering Services
P.O. Box 4489 Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4489

This page is for certification to the State only and is not part of the report.